

## Pediatric ED Asthma Pathway – Pathway Goals, Criteria, & Asthma Score

### PED Pathway Goals:

- Consistent Use of PED Asthma careset
- Steroid use in 100% of asthma exacerbations
- Administration of bronchodilator & steroids within 15 min of arrival
- ↓ admission rate & LOS (overall & ED)

### Inclusion Criteria:

- >2 yo with Dx of asthma or recurrent wheezing that improves with Albuterol
- Current exacerbation

### Exclusion Criteria:

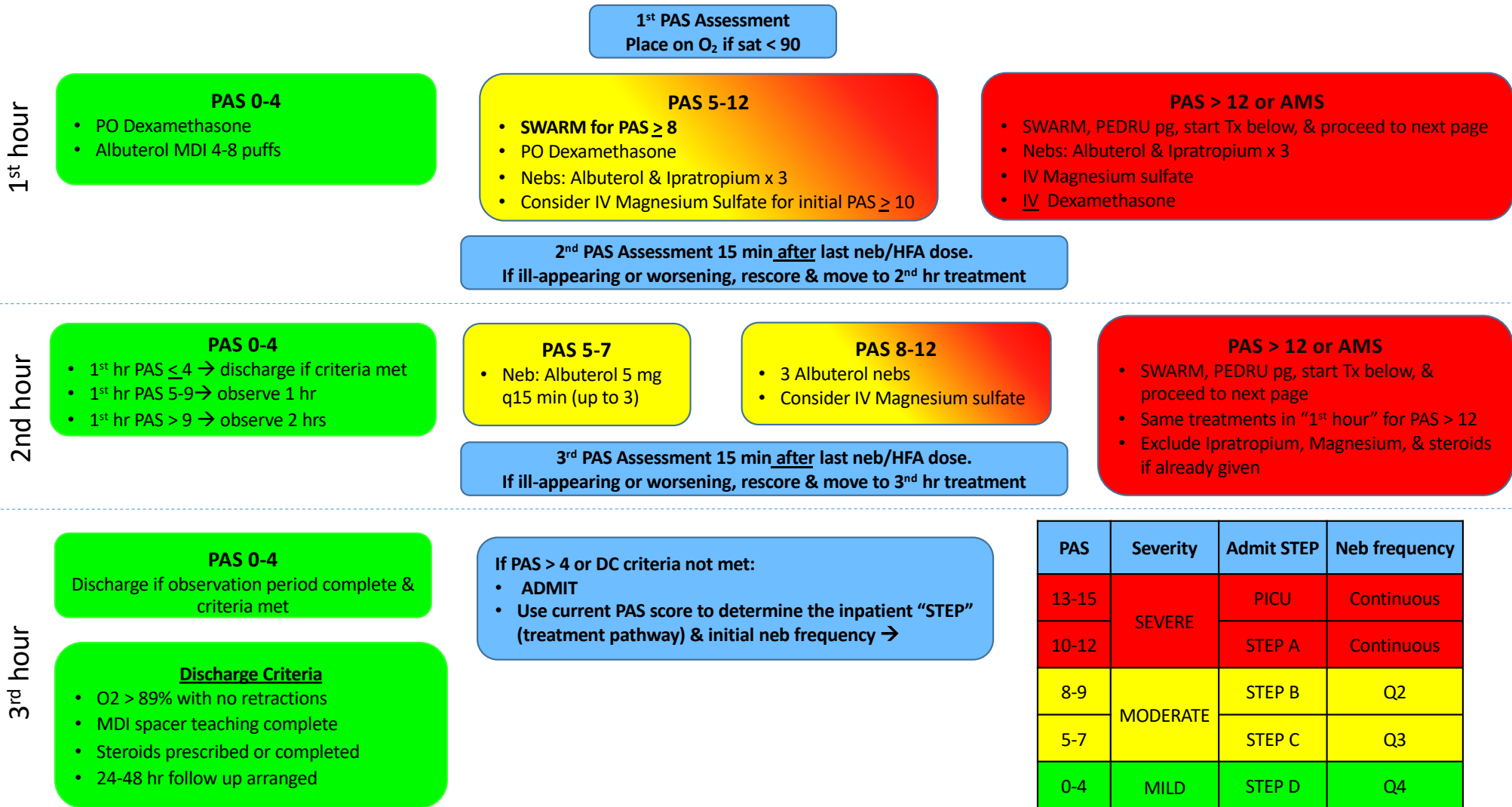
- Chronic lung disease (Cystic fibrosis)
- Cardiac disease requiring baseline medication
- Airway issues (Tracheostomy)
- Sickle Cell Anemia
- Medically complex

### Pediatric Asthma Score

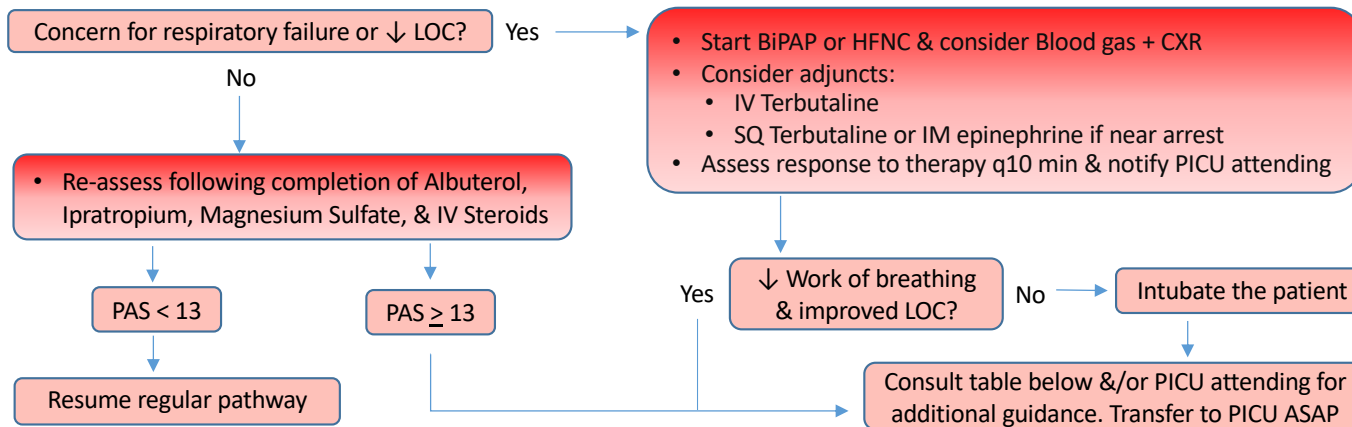
Variable	0 points	1 point	2 points	3 points	
<b>RR</b> 2-3 years 4-5 years 6-12 years >12 years	≤ 30 ≤ 25 ≤ 22 ≤ 18	31-34 26-30 23-26 19-23	35-39 31-35 27-30 24-27	≥ 40 ≥ 36 ≥ 31 ≥ 28	
<b>O2 sat on RA*</b> Or <b>Level of respiratory Support</b>	≥ 93%	89-92% Or <2L NC	85-88% Or 2-4L NC	< 85% Or On HFNC/Bipap	
<b>Breath Sounds</b>	Normal w/ good aeration	End expiratory wheezes	Diffuse expiratory wheezing	Biphasic wheezing <b>or</b> ↓ air movement	
<b>Retraction Sites:</b> Subcostal Intercostal Supraclavicular	None	1 site	2 sites	3 sites or 2 + nasal flaring	
<b>Dyspnea/General appearance</b>	< 4 years	Normal feeding, vocalization, & play	<u>1 of the following:</u> Irritable Tachypnea w/ activity ↓ activity ↓ PO	<u>2 of the following:</u> Irritable Tachypnea w/ activity ↓ activity ↓ PO	<u>3 of the following:</u> Irritable Tachypnea w/ activity ↓ activity ↓ PO
	≥ 4 years Counts to	>9 in 1 breath	7-9 in 1 breath	4-6 in 1 breath	< 4 in 1 breath
<b>Total Score = 0 - 15</b>					
*RA score preferred if safe for patient to be checked on RA. If not, adjust score per level of respiratory support					

**\*Disclaimer:** Pathways are intended as a guide for practitioners and do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment nor serve as a standard of medical care. This pathway should be adapted by medical providers, when indicated, based on their professional judgement and taking into account individual patient and family circumstances.

# Pediatric ED Asthma Pathway – Management



## APPROACH TO THE ACUTELY SEVERE ASTHMATIC PATIENT (PAS >12)



### Therapeutic Options for patients with insufficient initial response

Agent	Recommended dosages &/or usage
Albuterol	0.5-1 mg/kg/hr. Suggested continuous albuterol dose ranges per wt: If < 20 kg → 10-20 mg/hr; 20-30 kg → 20-30 mg/hr, > 30 kg → 20-45 mg/hr (> 30 mg/hr rarely needed). Monitor for hypokalemia.
Ipratropium	May consider use as an adjunct given q4 in patients on continuous albuterol.
IV Magnesium	If poor response to bolus dose, consider infusions in dosing table. Mg level ≈ 4 mg/dL. Watch for hypotension
HFNC/BiPAP	Titrate flows PRN. Start w/Bipap if LOC ↓. Bipap w/ Precedex is an option if child is HDS. Give 1 mcg/kg over 10 min (may repeat x 1), followed by drip of 0.5 – 1 mcg/kg/min. Titrate PRN by 0.1 - 0.2 mcg/kg/min ( <b>MAX of 2 mcg/kg/hr</b> )
Terbutaline	Refer to dosing table. IV preferred but SQ may be used. Monitor HR & BP closely, and potassium q12-24 hrs
Epinephrine	IM 0.01 mg/kg (max 0.3 mg) q 5 min PRN.
Ketamine	Bolus dose is 0.5 – 1 mg/kg. Infusion is 5–20 mcg/kg/min. Titrate to effect. Be ready to intubate if needed.
Aminophylline	Bolus: 6 mg/kg over 30 min. infusion: 0.5–1.2 mg/kg/h. Check level 30 min after infusion & then q12 h. <b>Therapeutic range 10–20 mcg/mL</b>

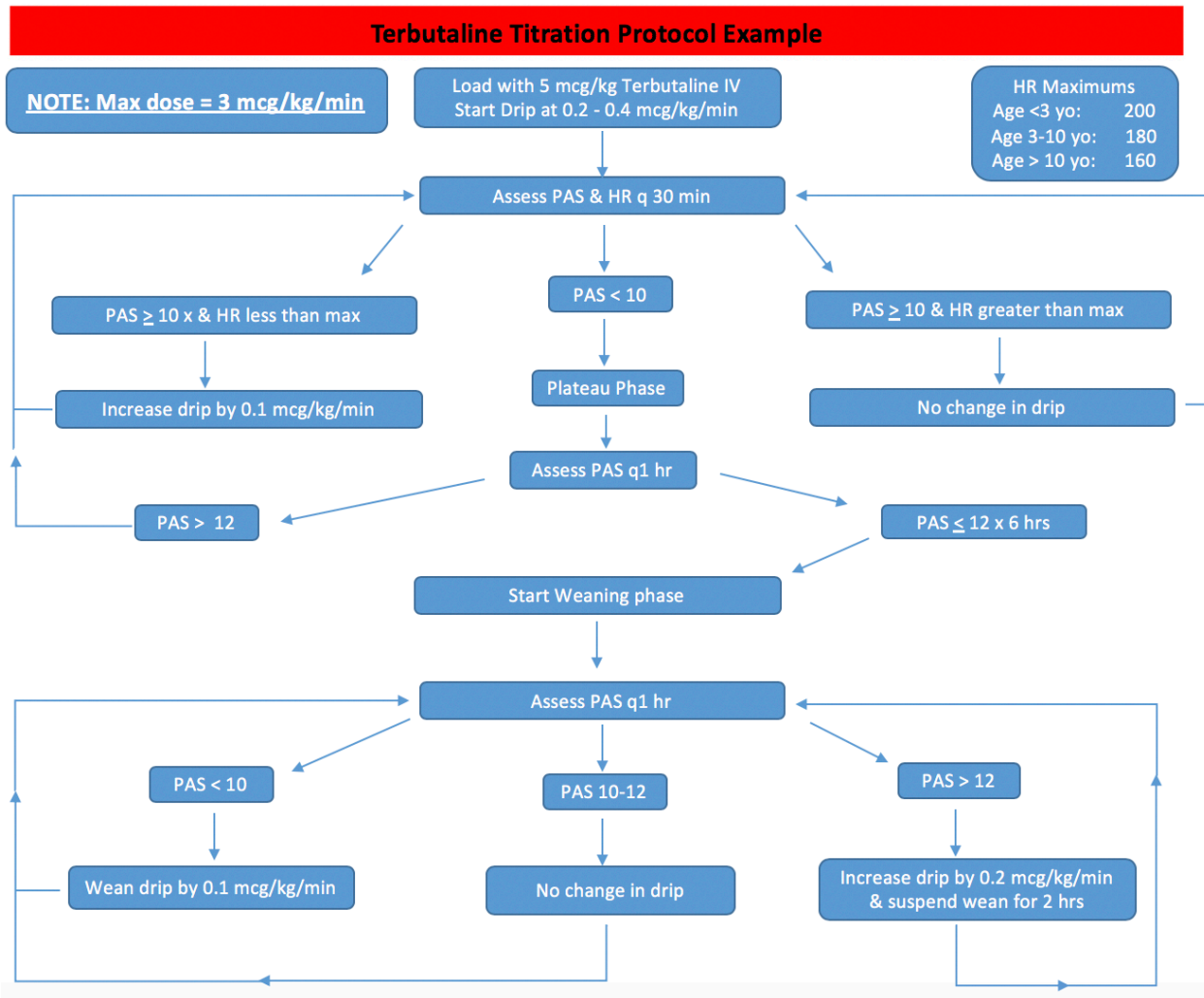
### Asthma Intubation Guideline

Must be supervised by airway physician from PICU, Anesthesia, PED, or main ED

Step	Recommendation
Pre-intubation	Pre-oxygenate, NS bolus, review airway checklist, notify PICU attending
Induction meds	<u>Induction:</u> Ketamine 1.5-2 mg/kg followed by Rocuronium 1.2-1.5 mg/kg
Initial Ventilation	Initially hand-ventilate patient with a slow rate. Watch for hyperinflation, HD instability, & Pneumothorax
Ventilator Settings	Mode: PC TV: start with 6-8, up to 10ml/kg Initial rate: 6-12 breaths per min Inspiratory time: 1-1.5 sec Expiratory time: 4-9 sec I:E ratio 1:3-5 PEEP: 5 PIP goal: 25-30 (max of 45 cm H2O ) Plateau pressure: < 30 cm H2O
Ongoing Sedation & Analgesia	Ketamine at 1-2 mg/kg/hr +/- midazolam 0.1-0.2 mg/kg/hr Analgesia: Fentanyl 2 mcg/kg/hr <u>If continuing NM blockade (not &gt; 48 hrs):</u> Cisatracurium 0.1-0.15 mg/kg q 30-60 min
Monitoring post intubation	Permissive hypercapnia Plateau Pressures < 30 cm H2O ABG q 1-2 hrs Adequate sedation + analgesia Watch for breath stacking

# Pediatric ED Asthma Pathway – General Dosing & Terbutaline Titration Example

ASTHMA GENERAL DOSING TABLE			
<b>Albuterol</b>			
Kg	Individual Nebs	MDI	Continuous Neb (see below**)
0-10	2.5 mg (0.5mL)	4 puffs	10 mg/hr
> 10	5 mg (1 mL)	8 puffs	20mg/hr
<b>**Continuous solution takes time, Combine single doses until it arrives</b>			
<b>Ipratropium</b>			
0-10 kg	250 mcg neb		
> 10 kg	500 mcg neb		
<b>Steroid Options</b>			
Dexamethasone	0.6 mg/kg	PO/IV	<b>MAX 16 mg</b>
Methylprednisolone	1-2 mg/kg/day	IV	<b>MAX 60 mg/day</b>
Prednisone/Prednisolone	1-2 mg/kg/day	PO	<b>MAX 60 mg/day</b>
<b>IV Magnesium Sulfate</b>			
<b>Bolus:</b> 50 mg/kg ( <b>MAX 2 grams</b> ) over 20 min with 20 ml/kg NS ( <b>MAX 1 L</b> )			
<b>Optional Infusion (PICU/ED only):</b> If persistently severe after bolus dose, may give an infusion of 50 mg/kg over 1hr ( <b>MAX 2 gram/hr</b> ) up to 3 times.			
<b>Terbutaline</b>			
SQ	10 mcg/kg q20 min x 3 doses		<b>MAX 250 mcg = 0.25 mL</b>
IV	4-10 mcg/kg load over 15 min		<b>MAX 750 mcg</b> then infusion
Infusion	0.4 mcg/kg/min, then ↑ by 0.1-0.2 mcg/kg/min PRN q 30 min <b>MAX 3 mcg/kg/min</b>		
<b>IM Epinephrine</b>			
< 30 kg	0.15 mg q 5 min as needed		
30 kg or >	0.3 mg q 5 min as needed		



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